

C1 Meeting protocols

The board of trustees of St Thomas's School is committed to effective and efficient meetings and, to this end, sets out the following guidelines for the conduct of board meetings.

Timing of meetings

- Dates and times of meetings will be set in the board workplan and usually held on the *third Tuesday of the month, starting at 6.30pm and finishing no later than 9.00pm.*
- A resolution for an extension of time may be moved but will not normally exceed 30 minutes.
- Any business remaining on the agenda at the conclusion of the meeting is transferred to the following meeting

Agenda and meeting papers

- The chair is responsible, in liaison with the principal, for the preparation of an agenda prior to each meeting.
- The principal is to ensure that secretarial services are provided to the board.
- Agenda items are to be notified to the chair xxx days prior to the meeting.
- The agenda and board papers will be circulated to board members at least 4 days prior to the meeting.
- The board should have access to all correspondence. Correspondence that requires the board to take some action should be photocopied/scanned and distributed prior to the meeting. Other correspondence can be listed and tabled so that trustees can read it if required.
- The agenda for the part of each meeting that is open to the public will be posted on the board's section of the school website at least 48 hours prior to the meeting and copies made available at the meeting place for any members of the public.
- Late items will only be accepted with the approval of the board and in rare circumstances where a decision is urgent.
- The order of the agenda may be varied by resolution at the meeting.
- All items in the agenda are to carry a recommended course of action and where appropriate be supplemented by supporting material in the meeting documentation.
- The agenda is to be collated with the items placed in order and marked with an agenda item number.
- Papers requiring reading and consideration will not normally be accepted if tabled at the meeting.

Public participation

- The board meeting is a meeting open to the public rather than a public meeting.
- Only trustees have automatic speaking rights.
- Public participation is at the discretion of the board.
- Public attending the meeting, including staff members not elected as the staff representative, are given a notice about their rights regarding attendance at the meeting – see C1.1 Public attending board meetings.

Exclusion of the public

- The meeting may, by resolution, exclude the public (going into committee) and news media from the whole or part of the proceedings in accordance with the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987. The wording to be used in the motion to exclude the public is found in Schedule 2A of the Act. The board must make the reasons for excluding the public clear. Excluding the public is most often used to ensure privacy of individuals or financially sensitive issues.*
- Persons may be asked to remain after the public has been excluded because they possess knowledge that will be of assistance in relation to the matter to be discussed. The board must pass a resolution that they may remain.

Conduct of meetings

- A quorum of more than half the members currently holding office is required.*
- Trustees will declare any conflict of interest at the beginning of the meeting.
- Any trustees with a conflict or pecuniary interest in any issue shall not take part in any debate on such issues and may be asked to leave the meeting for the duration of the debate.* A pecuniary interest arises when a trustee may be financially advantaged or disadvantaged as a result of decisions made by the board (contracts, pay and conditions). A conflict of interest is when an individual trustee could have or could be thought to have a personal stake in matters to be considered by the board.
- The chair shall be appointed by election at the first meeting of the year except in the triennial election year where it will be at

the first meeting of the newly elected board.*

- The elected chair (or, in their absence, a non-school-based trustee) presides at meetings.
- Only apologies received from those who cannot be present must be recorded. Trustees who miss three consecutive meetings without the prior leave of the board cease to be members. An apology does not meet the requirement of prior leave. To obtain prior leave, a trustee must request leave from the board at a board meeting, and the board must make a decision whether or not to grant it.*
- Points of order are questions directed to the chair that require an answer or a ruling. They are not open to debate and usually relate to the rules for the running of a meeting.
- The board's normal meeting procedures may be suspended by resolution of the meeting.

Decision-making process

- All decisions are to be taken by open voting by all trustees present.
- In the event of tied voting on a resolution, the chair may exercise a casting vote in addition to their deliberative vote.*
- A motion is a formal proposal for consideration. All motions and amendments moved in debate must be seconded unless moved by the chair and are then open for discussion.
- Motions and amendments once proposed and accepted may not be withdrawn without the consent of the meeting.
- No further amendments may be accepted until the first one is disposed of.
- The mover of a motion has right of reply.
- A matter already discussed may not be reintroduced at the same meeting in any guise or by way of an amendment.
- When a matter cannot be resolved or when further information is necessary before a decision can be made, the matter can be left unresolved for future discussion.

Minutes

- Board meeting minutes will be taken by a contracted, paid minute secretary who is not a member of the board.
- The minutes are to clearly show resolutions and action points and who is to complete the action.
- Minutes are sent to the chair for checking within 3 working days and distributed electronically to the board within 7 working days. Requests for corrections or amendments should be submitted by email to the chair as soon as possible to ensure accurate minutes can be confirmed at the next meeting.
- Minutes to be tabled for approval should be included in documentation made available to all board members prior to the meeting.

Special meetings*

- A special meeting may be called by delivery of notice to the chair signed by at least one-third of trustees currently holding office.
- Meetings can be held via audio, audio and visual or electronic communication providing:
 - all trustees who wish to participate in the meeting have access to the technology needed to participate, and
 - a quorum of members can simultaneously communicate with each other throughout the meeting.

* Legislative requirement